



|| Jai Sri Gurudev ||

Sri Adichunchanagirl Shikshana Trust®

ADICHUNCHANAGIRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Jyothi Nagara, Chikkamagaluru-577102, Karnataka, India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Second IEEE International Conference on Advances in Information Technology (ICAIT-24)



Technical Co-Sponsorer ieee

Dr. ADARSH M.

B.E., M.Tech., Ph.D Associate Professor & Head Dept of CS & E (Data Science) Adichunchanagiri Institute of Techonolgy Chikkamagaluru-577102

Certificate of Appreciation

This is to certify that Dr./Prof./Mr./Mrs./Ms.

Adarsh M J

from

Adichunchanagiri Institute of Technology, Chikkamagaluru

has participated/presented a paper titled

Effectiveness and influence of Parts of Speech like adjectives and interjections for examining the feelings in sentences containing sarcasm: A study in the Second

IEEE International Conference on Advances in Information Technology (ICAIT-24) Organized by the Department of

Computer Science & Engineering, AIT, Chikkamagaluru, Karnataka, India during 24th-27th July 2024.

Dr. Puspha Ravikumar Prof & Head, Dept. of CS&E Organizing Chair, ICAIT-24

Dr. C.T Jayadeva Principal, AIT, Chikkamagaluru General Chair, ICAIT-24

Dr. C.K Subbaraya Director, AIT & Registrar, ACU Patron, ICAIT-24



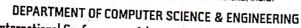


Il Jai Sri Gurudev II

Sri Adlchunchanagiri Shikshana Trust*

ADICHUNCHANAGIRI INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Jyothi Nagara, Chikkamagaluru-577102, Karnataka, India.



Second IEEE International Conference on Advances in Information Technology (ICAIT-24)





ARSH REPERENCE)

BE. R. Head Control of the Professor a Science of Techonology

Control of the Professor of

Certificate of Appreciation

This is to certify			6
		Srinivas University, Mangalore	
	A review on PCOS syndrome prediction using Al/ML Com		has participated/presented a paper til
EEE Jaar-12			
EEE Internatio	nai Conterenc	e on Advances in Information Technolo	ogy (ICAIT-24) Organized by the Departmen
_ 1, 1 111,	. P C	g, AIT, Chikkamagaluru, Karnataka, India d	, separimen

Dr. Puspha Ravikumar Prof & Head, Dept. of CS&E Organizing Chair, ICAIT-24

Dr. C.T Jayadeva
Principal AIT, Chikkamagaluru
General Chair, ICAIT-24

Dr. C.K Subbaraya Director, AIT & Registrar, ACU Patron, ICAIT-24



TECHHORIZON 2023

ADVANCING FRONTIERS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION

this is to certify that

Pallavi C.S, Research Scholar, Srinivas University

has presented a paper titled

Visual cryptography for color Video using different Halftoning techniques

in TechHorizon 2023- a National Conference on Advancing Frontiers in Computer Science and Information Technology, held on 11 December 2023 organised by Institute of Computer Science and Information Science, Srinivas University Mangalore.

Dr. Anil Kumar

Dr. Subramanya Bhat

Dr. Soumya.S

Registrar & Vice Chancellor i/c

Dean, ICIS

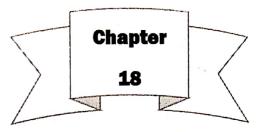
Convener

Dr. ADARSH M. J.

B.E., M.Tech., Ph.D

Associate Professor & Head Dept of CS & E (Data Science) Adichunchanagiri Institute of Techonolgy

Scanned by CamScanner



Visual cryptography for color Video using different Halftoning techniques

Pallavi C.S *, PavanKumar L N **

* Research Scholar, Institute of Computer Science and Information Science, Srinivas University, Mangalore, Karnataka, India

Email: pallavisadananda@gmail.com

"Assistant Professor, Department of Mechanical Engineering Adichunchanagiri Institute of Technology
Chikmagaluru, Karnataka, India
Email: pavannarayanr@gmail.com

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10612399

ABSTRACT

he main purpose of Visual cryptography is to secure the visual information in an image. Many works are already done for the binary images, gray and also for the color an image, here the Visual cryptographic technique is applied for Color Video. In the method the video is transformed into frames of color image, then Color image is decomposed into color spaces, after that apply half toning technique Create a share-1 image from the cover image and use an XOR operation to encrypt the information in the secret image. Then the color image information is hidden behind the Share of the cover image. Decryption is the reverse process of encryption. In the novel approach three halftoning techniques is used and compared.

Keywords: color image encryption, RGB color spaces; YCbCr color spaces, Visual cryptography, halftone, inverse halftone.

1. INTRODUCTION:

Securing the visualization information is the wide range field of the applications in image processing. To secure secrete visual information in image visual cryptography is one of the good technique.

Visual cryptography was introduced by Moni Naor and Adi Shamir in 1994[1]. Here with the use of cryptographic technique encryption can be done and Humans can decrypt without the use of any decryption algorithm. The process of visual cryptography involves splitting an image into multiple shares or transparent images to prevent others from identifying it from only a few of them. To recover the image, shares must be stacked together, it is regenerated and recognized by the human eye.

In the beginning black and white images are applied by Visual cryptographic schemes now next this scheme is applied for gray scale images by Chang-Chou Lin, Wen Hsiang Tsai [2] who proposed visual cryptography for gray level images. But it is not enough for real applications. F.Liu, C.K.Wu, X.J. Lin [3] produced a new method for colored visual information.

Now a day's secrete image is hidden using Halftoning technique. Half-tone images are employed to replicate continuous tone to half-tone by making dots with different sizes or intensities. The figure 1 shows the complete procedure of visual cryptography [1].

Visual cryptography facilitates the efficient and effective sharing of secrets with multiple trusted partners. Visual cryptography can divide a secret into multiple shares, which is a very powerful technique XOR operation done for the secret information and share image.

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.10612399

159

2024



TECHHORIZON2024 ADVANCING FRONTIERS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

CERTIFICATE OF APPRECIATION

this is to certify that

Pallavi C S

has presented a paper titled

A patent analysis review on early detection of PCOS syndrome using AI/ML Computation Technology

in TechHorizon 2024 - a National Conference on Advancing Frontiers in Computer Science and Information Technology held on 29th June 2024 organised by Institute of Computer Science and Information Science, Srinivas University Mangalore.

Dr. Subrahmanya Bhat

Dean

Dr.Soumya.S

Conference Convener

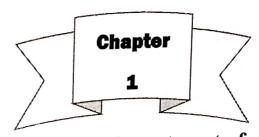
Dr. ADARSH M. J.

B.E., M.Tech., Ph.D

Associate Professor & Head
Dept of CS & E (Data Science)
Adichunchanagiri Institute of Techonology

Chikkamagaluru-577102

Dr. K Sathyanarayana Reddy
Vice Chancellor



A comprehensive review on detection and treatment of PCOS syndrome using Machine learning

Pallavi C S 1 & Soumya S 2

¹ Research Scholar, Institute of Engineering and Technology, Srinivas University, Mangalore -575001, Karnataka India,

ORCIDID: 0009-0006-0300-1676; Email: pallavisadananda@gmail.com ² Assistant Professor, Institute of Computer Science and Information Science, Srinivas University, Mangalore -575001, Karnataka India, ORCIDID: 0000-0002-5431-1977; Email: pksoumyaa@gmail.com

DOI: https://doi.org/ 10.5281/zenodo.12751931

ABSTRACT

Purpose: Polycystic ovarian syndromes (PCOS) are common hormonal illnesses that affect many women and frequently result in long-term health issues. Accurate and timely diagnosis is a compulsory requirement for efficient treatment and averting consequences. The novel detection system for Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS) identification is the current new invention. Among females, the same common syndrome is irregular menstruation, hormonal imbalance, and cystic ovaries. Early identification of these endocrine diseases may avoid major complications like diabetes, cardiovascular diseases, and infertility.

Objectives: The potential of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning algorithms to transform PCOS detection, classification, and segmentation we explore how AI might detect important traits linked to both illnesses by using its enormous database of clinical data to learn.

Approach: The proposed method utilizes the new techniques of machine learning algorithm and some image processing techniques to analyse ultrasound scans of ovaries, medical image data, and menstrual history. The system uses multi-mode approaches to get various data sources and features to detect PCOS Presence.

Finding: This study explores the importance and impact of artificial intelligence (AI) and machine learning in today's world.

Keywords: Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS), cardiovascular diseases and medical imaging data

> Dr. ADARSH M. J. B.E., M.Tech., Ph.D

Associate Professor & Head

DOI: https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1275193 Dept of CS & F (Data Science)
Adichunchanagiri Institute of Techonology Chikkamagaluru 577102





Navkis College of Engineering, Hassan (NCEH)

KIADB. Thimmanahalli Industrial area, NH. 75, Plot No. 7 and 8, Kandali, Hassan, Karnataka - 573217



This Certificate is presented to Dr./Prof./Mr./Mrs.

Dr. ADAKSH M. J. B.E., M.Tech., Ph.D

Associate Professor & Head
Sept of CS & E (Data Science)
Adichunchanagiri Institute of Techonoles
Chikkamagaluru-577102

Shalini I S

For His/Her Paper Titled

Random search Based Hyperparameter tunned VGG16 Architecture for Poultry Breed Image Classification

in the International Conference on Intelligent Algorithms for Computational Intelligence

Systems (IACIS) organized by Navkis College of Engineering, Hassan (NCEH),

23rd- 24th August 2024.

DR. DEEPAK H.A
Organizing Chair - IACIS 2024
Joint Secretary,
IEEE Mysore Sub-Section

12ab4a Jain DR. M. BABITA JAIN Professor & Head Dept. of ECE General Co-Chair - IACIS 2024 DR. M. VENU GOPALA RAO
Principal
Navkis College of Engineering, Hassan
General Chair - IACIS 2024